# **Shutesbury Code of Conduct**

### I. GIFTS AND GRATUITIES

#### A. General Restrictions.

You may not solicit or accept, directly or indirectly, any gift, gratuity, favor, entertainment, loan, or other item of monetary value from a person, public agency, or private entity you know or have reason to know:

- 1. Has had, has, or is seeking to obtain contractual or other business or financial relations with us;
- 2. Conducts or is seeking to conduct business or other activities that are regulated or monitored by us; or
- 3. Has interests that may be or may give the reasonable impression of being substantially affected by the performance or nonperformance of your official duties.

Example: You may not accept a restaurant lunch from a consultant employed by a firm under contract to us.

Example: You may not accept a Christmas gift from a vendor seeking business with us.

Example: You may not accept a ticket to a sporting event from an individual whose business we regulate.

### **B.** Exceptions

- 1. You may accept gifts in cases involving a family or personal relationship when the circumstances make clear that the relationship is the motivation for the gift.
- 2. You may accept nonalcoholic beverages, such as coffee or tea, from public or private entities.
- You may attend and accept food and beverages at seasonal or celebratory functions, such as Christmas, birthday, or retirement parties, hosted by public entities.
- 4. You may accept food and beverages in connection with attendance at working meetings held in the office of a public entity.

5. You may accept food and beverages in connection with attendance at widely attended meetings or gatherings held by a private trade or professional association in an office or other business setting when you are attending the meeting or gathering in your official capacity for informational, educational, or other similar purposes.

Example: You may accept a modest meal served in a restaurant function room in conjunction with an informational, widely attended meeting hosted by a professional association.

Example: You may not accept food and beverages at a hospitality suite hosted by one or more private firms.

- 6. You may accept loans from banks or other financial institutions to finance proper and usual customer activities, such as home mortgage loans and automobile loans. If the bank or financial institution is an entity with which you have or might reasonably expect to have dealings in your official capacity, you must be able to demonstrate that the loan has been granted on current customary terms; you must also provide written disclosure of the loan to your supervisor. The previous sentence does not apply if your duties or anticipated duties with respect to the bank are limited to obtaining third-party records.
- 7. You may accept unsolicited advertising or promotional materials of nominal value.

Example: You may accept an unsolicited, inexpensive promotional pen or calendar.

Example: You may not accept a leather portfolio.

#### II. REIMBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL EXPENSES

# A. General Restrictions

You may not accept reimbursement for travel expenses from a person or entity who falls within the scope of Section IA, above.

#### B. Exceptions

 If you deliver a speech or participate in a conference, we may elect to accept reimbursement from the sponsor of the speech or conference for your actual and necessary travel expenses. In this case, we -- not the sponsor -- will pay or reimburse you in accordance with our travel policy, and bill the sponsor for the appropriate amount. 2. If we determine that employee travel is a necessary component of a vendor evaluation process, we may elect to require competing vendors to reimburse us for actual and necessary travel expenses incurred in connection with the evaluation. In this case, we -- not the vendors -- will pay or reimburse you in accordance with our travel policy. The publicly advertised request for proposals or invitation for bids must set forth our procedures for calculating and billing all competing vendors for the appropriate amounts.

#### III. HONORARIA

#### A. General Restriction

You may not accept honoraria or other monetary compensation from an outside source in return for a public appearance, speech, lecture, publication, or discussion unless all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. Preparation or delivery of the public appearance, speech, lecture, publication, or discussion is not part of your official duties;
- 2. Neither the sponsor nor the source, if different, of the honorarium is a person or entity who falls within the scope of Section IA, above;
- You do not use office supplies or facilities not available to the general public in the preparation or delivery of the public appearance, speech, lecture, publication, or discussion; and
- 4. You do not take office time for the preparation or delivery of the public appearance, speech, lecture, publication, or discussion.

Example: You may accept an honorarium for a magazine article prepared outside working hours.

Example: You may not accept an honorarium for delivering a speech in your official capacity.

## B. Exceptions

1. You may accept awards, certificates, or other items of nominal value given for a speech, participation in a conference, or a public contribution or achievement.

Example: You may accept a framed certificate of appreciation.

Example: You may not accept an engraved pewter bowl.

# IV. TESTIMONIAL AND RETIREMENT FUNCTIONS

# A. General Restrictions'

\*[Note: M.G.L. c.268, §9A prohibits anyone from selling, offering for sale, or accepting payment for tickets to, or soliciting or accepting contributions for, testimonial dinners or functions held on behalf of anyone employed by a law enforcement, regulatory, or investigatory agency of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth. The law carries a maximum fine of \$500.]

You may not solicit contributions, sell tickets, or otherwise seek or accept
payment for a testimonial or retirement function, or any function having a similar
purpose, held for yourself or any other employee, if the contributor is a person or
entity who falls within the scope of Section IA, above, and the admission price or
payment exceeds the actual per-person cost of food and beverages served at the
function.

Example: You may not offer or sell tickets to a testimonial dinner to contractors doing business with us if the ticket price includes a contribution toward a gift.

You may not accept food, beverages, or gifts at any testimonial or retirement function, or any function having a similar purpose, if such food, beverages, or gifts are paid for or subsidized by a person or entity who falls within the scope of Section IA, above.

> Example: You may not ac the cost of your admission contractors doing busines

Example: You may not accepte proceeds of tickets pure

## **B.** Exceptions

None.

# V. GROUNDBREAKING AND DEDICATION CEREMONIES

#### A. General Restrictions

- 1. You may not request or require any person or entity who falls within the scope of Section IA, above, to sponsor or contribute to any groundbreaking ceremony, dedication ceremony, or similar occasion involving a public works project. If we determine that a groundbreaking or dedication ceremony for a public works project serves a legitimate public purpose, we may elect to fund such a ceremony. We may plan and pay for the ceremony. Alternatively, we may include the ceremony-related services in the construction bid specifications for the public works project.
- 2. You may not accept food, beverages, or gifts at any groundbreaking ceremony, dedication ceremony, or similar occasion involving a public works project if the food, beverages, or gifts are paid for or subsidized by a person or entity who falls within the scope of Section IA, above.

# **B.** Exceptions

None.